

选择性必修二 Unit Three Grammar

班级\_\_\_\_\_ 姓名\_\_\_\_\_ 小组\_\_\_\_\_

一、学习目标

- 1、 To discover and grasp the form and rules of past perfect tense and past perfect passive voice;
- 2、 To learn about the function through practice;
- 3、 To talk about something using past perfect tense and its passive voice.

二、重点、难点

- 1、 Students can discover and grasp the form and rules of past perfect tense and past perfect passive voice;
- 2、 Students are able to talk about something using past perfect tense and its passive voice.

三、导学流程

（一）基础感悟（导学导读）：

观察例句，自主总结归纳过去完成时的结构和定义

A: Hong Kong had returned to China before Macao came back to China.

B: By the time the policeman got to the shop, the thief had run away.

Q: In sentence A, which action happened first, “return” or “came back”?

Q: In sentence B, which action happened first, “got to” or “run”?

（二）未知探究：

☆ 过去完成时的结构和语态

	主动语态	被动语态
肯定形式	had done	had been done
否定形式	had not done	had not been done
一般疑问句	had + 主语 + done	had + 主语 + been done
特殊疑问句	疑问词 + had + 主语 + done	疑问词 + had + 主语 + been done

即时演练：

- ①They had cleaned the classroom before the teacher came.  
→\_\_\_\_\_ (改为被动语态)
- ②She had finished writing the composition by 10: 00 this morning.  
→\_\_\_\_\_ (改为否定句)

→ \_\_\_\_\_ (改为一般疑问句)

→ \_\_\_\_\_ (对句中主语 she 提问)

#### ✧ 过去完成时的用法

(1) 表示在过去某一时间或动作以前完成了的动作, 即“过去的过去”。可以用 by, before 等介词短语或一个时间状语从句来表示。

(2) 表示由过去的某一时刻开始, 一直延续到过去另一时间的动作或状态, 常和 for, since 引导的时间状语连用。

(3) 某些动词可用过去完成时, 表过去未曾实现的想法、希望、打算或意图等。

(4) 一...就

hardly(scarcely/barely)..(had done)..when..(从句用 did)      no sooner..(had done)..than...(从句用 did)

(5) 过去完成时的常见句型

It was the +序数词+ time +(that) sb had done      It was the +形容词最高级+名词+(that) sb had done

### (三) 当堂检测:

#### I 单句填空

1. Yesterday she said that her lost key \_\_\_\_\_ (find).
2. I almost knew nothing about the subject, for I \_\_\_\_\_ (not study) my lesson attentively.
3. He said he \_\_\_\_\_ (work) in that factory since 1949.
4. I thought that the letter \_\_\_\_\_ (send) a week before.
5. She didn't go back home until the work \_\_\_\_\_ (finish).
6. Hardly \_\_\_\_\_ he began to speak when the audience interrupted him.
7. Robert \_\_\_\_\_ (want) to attend Peter's birthday party, but an unexpected visitor ruined his plan.

#### II 句型训练

1. That old man often thought of and missed the good time he \_\_\_\_\_ before his death.

那位老人在去世前经常想起和怀念他与妻子一起度过的美好时光。

It was because the workers \_\_\_\_\_ that they accomplished the task in half the time scheduled.

正是因为工人们被很好地组织了起来, 所以他们用了计划时间的一半就完成了任务。

3. A few months before he came to China, Mr Smith \_\_\_\_\_ about the people and culture here.

在他来中国几个月之前, 史密斯先生就已经对这里的人和文化有了一些了解。

4. 5G terminals \_\_\_\_\_ in this company by the end of 2019. (install)

这家公司在 2019 年年底之前就已经安装了 5G 终端。

5. I \_\_\_\_\_ send Peter a gift to congratulate him on his marriage, but I couldn't manage it.

我原本打算在彼得结婚时送他一个礼物来道贺的,可是我没有做到。

Last year, my brother and I \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to Miami for a vacation. Some of my friends who \_\_\_\_\_ (be) there before said it was a wonderful holiday destination. Before we went, we \_\_\_\_\_ (plan) for months. When the day came, we were ready. After our plane \_\_\_\_\_ (land), we went to the hotel. We \_\_\_\_\_ (make) our reservation six months earlier, but the man at the front desk said there \_\_\_\_\_ (be) a mistake. We \_\_\_\_\_ (tell) that our rooms hadn't been reserved for that week, but for the week after. I didn't understand why this would happen and my credit card \_\_\_\_\_ (charge) for the reservation.

What's worse, the hotel \_\_\_\_\_ (book) fully. When we \_\_\_\_\_ (wonder) what to do, the manager came out. She was surprisingly helpful. She apologized for the mistake and \_\_\_\_\_ (give) us a spare VIP room on the top floor. We had never stayed in such an amazing room, and we \_\_\_\_\_ (charge) extra. The next day, my brother and I went to the beach where we \_\_\_\_\_ (watch) some people play volleyball. We got a little sunburnt, but the day \_\_\_\_\_ (be) so relaxing that we didn't mind.